

CONFERENCE PROGRAMME BOOK

21st - 23rd August 2025

Putrajaya International Convention Centre (PICC)

Kuala Lumpur





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Welcoming Message

The overwhelming success of the 1st National Children Conference Palliative Care Malaysia (NCCPCM) 2022 has been an invigorating encouragement for the MAPPAC Committee to plan the 2nd NCCPCM on 21st-23rd August 2025 at the Putrajaya International Convention Centre, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

The theme for the conference will be, "When Death is Inevitable, Life is a Choice." Our focus will visibly encompass: End of life care for the children, Bereavement support and Talking about death to the children. 7 Plenary sessions and 13 Symposiums have been designed to support the conference theme. Key speakers from the United Kingdom, Korea, Singapore and Malaysian speakers will endeavour to deliver for your maximum learning needs.

Running parallel at the conference will be the "Celebration of Life Festival." It aims to:

- Raise awareness of the impermanence of life to inspire meaningful living.
- Promote cross-cultural understanding on traditions and perspectives regarding death.
- Foster open discussions about grief and loss, in helping to support mental health.
- Celebrate life even in the face of mortality through workshops, exhibitions, art, and other engaging activities.

The registration fees have been deliberately kept at an affordable level to enable many to participate. We welcome you to the conference with the opportunity to enjoy the fine framework on experimental learning and sharing.

Dr Lee Chee Chan

President MAPPAC and Organising Chairman NCCPCM 2025







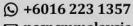
Organising Committees

Chairperson	Secretary	Treasurer
Dr. Lee Chee Chan	Mr. Michael Tan Teow Chye	Dr. Choong Yee Wan

	Committee Members	
Mr. Alvin Chong Chee Wei	Dr. Avinder Kaur A/P Sohan Singh	Mr. Alfred Gan Wei Yuan
Mr. Bary Joerius	Mr. Chew Weng Hong	Ms Elaine Teo Chiew Yian
Dr. Fahisham Taib	Ms. Fitri Damayanti Binti Hafizarli	Ms. Frieda Corrine Yang
Dr. Jee Rou Chen	Ms. Karen Kok Sher Yi	Ms. Lim Ee Sim
Ms. Liow Xin Yi	Ms. Nur Umairah Balqis Liong Binti Abdullah	Ms. Siti Murni Binti Mokhtar
Mr. Muhammad Arif Bin Aminuddin	Mr. Mohamad Fakrullah Bin Mohd Azlin	Dr. Nickson Tai Boon Khean
Dr. Ng Su Fang	Ms. Pearl Thor Mei Choo	Ms. Sally Lew Hsiao Yen
Dr. Sin Li Jie	Ms. Sharifah Husna Rahmah Binti S Badrul Hisham	Dr. Syarifah Najwa Binti Syed Mohamad
Ms. Sri Ram Seetha Arumugamm	Dr. Shamini Subramaniam	Mr. Tim Callaham
Dr. Teoh Yen Lin	Dr. Tay Chai Li	Dr. Tai Yi-Pinn
Ms. Tuan Yu Ming	Ms. Yap Suet Yen	Ms. Yee Chui Yoke
	Mr. Yeoh Seng Huat	









Congress Information

Official Venue

PUTRAJAYA INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION CENTRE (PICC)

Address: Jalan P5, Presint 5, 62000 Putrajaya, Malaysia

Google Map: https://g.co/kgs/YDftGBu Website: https://gicc.gov.my

Parking

- There are 1,185 parking bays on four levels.
- Parking is free of charge.
- For the most convenient access to the event halls, we recommend the Green Zone (Zone B).

Registration Information

All participants are required to register at the Registration Counter daily. All congress delegates and exhibitors must wear their name tags at all times during the congress.

- Location : Concourse Level, Green Zone, Foyer Area of Hall B1 and B2
- Date and Time: 21st 23th August 2025 starting from 730am

Registration Package included:

- Lanyard with name card
- Backpack with exclusive gifts from various sponsors
- Gala dinner ticket (for eligible participants only)









E-Certificate Of Attendance

- E-Certificate of Attendance will be emailed individually to participants within one month after the conference.
- To receive your certificate, participants must complete the daily feedback form by scanning the QR code displayed on the screens in both Hall B1 and Hall B2 for easy access.

Important Numbers

Emergency Hotline	(Ambulance)	/ Police / Fire)	999
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Putrajaya Police Headquarters	+60 3-8886 2222
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Putrajaya Fire & Rescue Department (Bomba) +60 3-8888 1222

Hospital Putrajaya (24 hours) +60 3-8312 4200









2nd NCCPCM Programme Schedule

21st August 2025 (Thursday, Day 1)

Time	Venue	Programme		Speaker
0730-0815		Registration		
0815-0930	Hall B2	Ор	ening Ceremo	ny
0930-1015	Hall B2	Setting: UK Experiences Richard D. W. Hain		Chairperson: Dr. Shamini
1015-1030		Tea	Break	
1030-1115	Hall B2	Plenary 1: Paediatric Palliat Malaysia – Where Are We (P Future)?		Speaker: Dr. Lee Chee Chan Chairperson: Dr. Shamini Subramaniam
1115-1200	Hall B2	Plenary 3: Cultural Perspective Navigating Beliefs and Per		Speaker: Dr. Anna-Karenia (AK) Anderson Chairperson: Dr. Sharifah Najwa Bt Syed Mohamad
		Venue: Hall B2		Venue: Hall B1
1200-1315		Symposium 1: Care at the End of Life irperson: Dr. Tai Yi-Pinn	Symposium 2: Grief and Bereavement Process Chairperson: Ms. Fitri Damayanti Binti Hafizarli	
	Topic : Li Children- Is Speaker: M Topic : T Skin, Dignit	or. Leong Kin Fon ife-limiting Skin Disorders in assues and Challenges As. Elaine Teo Chiew Yian ouching the Untouchable: ty, and the Unseen Comforts nity Paediatric Palliative Care	Speaker: Dr. Lynda Ling Sai Ang Topic : How Can You Support A Family's Grieving Process After the Death of A Child? Speaker: Ms. Sri Ram Seetha Arumugamm Topic : The Role of Play Therapy in Grief and Bereavement Support	
1315-1415		Lu	nch	







	Venue: Hall B2	Venue: Hall B1
1415-1530	Symposium 3:	Symposium 4:
	Symptom Management at End of Life	Ceremonies and Rituals at End of Life
	Chairperson: Dr. Sin Li Jie	Chairperson: Ms. Yee Yit Cheng
	Speaker: Professor Dr. Richard D.W.Hain	Speaker: Venerable Tian Wen
	Topic : Identification and Management	Topic : Spiritual Care for Children and
	of Terminal Pain and Restlessness	Family at End Of Life
	Speaker: Dr. Nickson Tai Boon Khean	Speaker: Dr. Fahisham Taib
	Topic : Challenges and Strategies of	Topic : The Different Rituals and
	Managing Pain at Home	Practices in Malaysia
1530-1545	Теа	Break
1545-1700	Symposium 5:	Symposium 6:
	Advance Care Plan (ACP)	Multidisciplinary Care for End of Life
	Chairperson: Dr. Teoh Yen Lin Speaker: Dr. Lee Chee Chan	Chairperson: Ms. Liow Xin Yi Speaker: Ms. Maggie@Nur Umairah Liong
	Topic : How to Initiate ACP Discussion?	Topic : How Can A Nurse Support ACP Implementation?
	Speaker: Dr. Anna-Karenia (AK) Anderson	Speaker: Ms. Nur Sakinah Ibrahim
	Tanta	Topic : Nutritional Management at End
	Topic : How to Implement the Content	Topic . Nutritional Management at Life







		22 nd August 2025 (Fr	riday, Day 2)		
Time	Venue	Programme		Speaker	
0730-0815		Regi	istration		
		Venue: Hall B2		Venue: Hall B1	
		Meet The Expert 1		Meet The Expert 2	
		sor Dr. Richard D. W. Hain		Michelle Koh Li-Hua	
0830-0915	Hall B2	Plenary 4: Advance Care Pla		Speaker: Dr. Michelle	
		A Tool for End-of-Life	Care?	Koh Li-Hua	
2017 1000	"			Chairperson: Dr. Sin Li Jie	
0915-1000	Hall B2	Plenary 5: Discussing Deat		Speaker: Dr Kim Min Sun	
		with Children: Should		Chairperson: Dr. Sin Li Jie	
1000-1015			Break		
1015 1120		Venue: Hall B2		Venue: Hall B1	
1015-1130	Mo	Symposium 7: dications at End of Life	Comm	Symposium 8: unication with Children	
		person: Ms. Yap Suet Yen		rson: Ms. Sri Ram Seetha	
	Cilaii	person wis. rap sact ren	Change	Arumugamm	
	Coookow N	As. Emeline Lew Siok Yin			
	· ·		Speaker: Dr. Lynda Ling Sai Ang		
	Topic : Challenges of Polypharmacy		Topic : Fac	Topic : Facilitate Communication for	
			Death and Dying with Family & Community		
	Spoakor: N	As. Nurhidayah binti Rosli	Speaker: Dr.	Shamini Subramaniam	
	_	•	Topic : Strategies to Initiate the Discussions on Death and Dying to		
	Topic : C	Opioid Counselling			
			Paediatric Pa	atients	
4400 4045					
1130-1245	Toche	Symposium 9: nology and Innovation for		Oral Presentation	
	recnn	End of Life Care	Chairperson: Dr. Ng Su Fang Judges:		
	Chair	person: Ms. Tuan Yu Ming			
			_	e Professor Dr. Tan Chai Eng	
	Sneaker: F	Or. Jee Rou Chen		Nor Chahaya Bt Shukor	
	•	The Role of Rehabilitation for		oster Presentation:	
	Ciliaren w	vith Palliative Care Needs	Chairp	erson: Dr. Teoh Yen Lin	
		A. C. A. 11 A1 D. 1.	Judges:		
	Speaker: N	As. Siti Anis binti Ab. Rahim		e Professor Datuk	
WHILE IN	The state of the s	The Role of Occupational		Geok Lan	
Therapy for Children with Palliative			Dr. Aaro	Dr. Aaron Hiew Wi Han	
	Care Need	S			







Symposium 11: Future Direction and Research Chairperson: Ms. Maggie@ Nur Umairah Liong Speaker: Dr. Fahisham Taib Topic : Expansion of Concept and Service of Paediatric Palliative Care in the Future Speaker: Dr. Chua Ker Yang	Symposium 10: Complementary Therapy in Paediatric Palliative Care Chairperson: Ms. Emeline Lew Siok Yin Speaker: Dr. Ho Sin Khee Topic : The Role of Traditional Chinese Medicine Speaker: Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi Topic : The Role of Aromatherapy
Chairperson: Ms. Maggie@ Nur Umairah Liong Speaker: Dr. Fahisham Taib Topic: Expansion of Concept and Service of Paediatric Palliative Care in the Future Speaker: Dr. Chua Ker Yang	Paediatric Palliative Care Chairperson: Ms. Emeline Lew Siok Yin Speaker: Dr. Ho Sin Khee Topic: The Role of Traditional Chinese Medicine Speaker: Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi
Nur Umairah Liong Speaker: Dr. Fahisham Taib Topic: Expansion of Concept and Service of Paediatric Palliative Care in the Future Speaker: Dr. Chua Ker Yang	Chairperson: Ms. Emeline Lew Siok Yin Speaker: Dr. Ho Sin Khee Topic: The Role of Traditional Chinese Medicine Speaker: Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi
Nur Umairah Liong Speaker: Dr. Fahisham Taib Topic: Expansion of Concept and Service of Paediatric Palliative Care in the Future Speaker: Dr. Chua Ker Yang	Speaker: Dr. Ho Sin Khee Topic: The Role of Traditional Chinese Medicine Speaker: Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi
Topic: Expansion of Concept and Service of Paediatric Palliative Care in the Future Speaker: Dr. Chua Ker Yang	Topic: The Role of Traditional Chinese Medicine Speaker: Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi
Service of Paediatric Palliative Care in the Future Speaker: Dr. Chua Ker Yang	Topic: The Role of Traditional Chinese Medicine Speaker: Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi
Future Speaker: Dr. Chua Ker Yang	Medicine Speaker: Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi
	· · ·
	Topic : The Role of Aromatherapy
- · D 1 N 1 C 4 C 1	
Topic : Research Needs for A Good	
	Break
	Symposium 12:
-	Resilience of Caregivers
Yian	Chairperson: Dr. Ng Su Fang
	Speaker: Ms. Tan Hui Sin
•	Topic : It Takes A Village: Social Support
Topic : Challenges of A Good Death in Korea	for Caregivers in Paediatric Palliative Care
	Speaker: Dr. Tay Chai Li
Speaker: Dr. Michelle Koh Li-Hua	Topic : The Role of Children's Hospice in
Topic : Limitations and Challenges for	Malaysia
Paediatric Palliative Care Service in	Walaysia
Singapore	
Hall 9-10	Gala Dinner
S 1	Symposium 13: Legality and Policy Chairperson: Ms. Elaine Teo Chiew Yian Speaker: Dr. Kim Min Sun Topic: Challenges of A Good Death in Korea Speaker: Dr. Michelle Koh Li-Hua Topic: Limitations and Challenges for Paediatric Palliative Care Service in Singapore



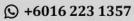




		23 rd August 2025 (Satur	day, Day 3)
Time	Venue Programme			Speaker
0730-0815		Registration		
		Venue: Hall B2		Venue: Hall B1
		Meet The Expert 3 na-Karenia (AK) Anderson		Neet The Expert 4 Dr. Kim Min Sun
0830-0915	Hall B2	Plenary 6: Paediatric Breakthrough Pain: Challenges and Recent Development		Speaker: Professor Dr. Richard D. W. Hain Chairperson: Dr. Nickson Tai Boon Khean
0915-1000	Hall B2	Plenary 7: Future Directions in Paediatric Palliative Care: Innovations and Challenges Ahead		Speaker: Dr. Anna-Karenia (AK) Anderson Chairperson: Dr. Nickson Tai Boon Khean
1000-1015	Tea Break			
1015-1100	Hall B2	Plenary 8: Research Advances in Paediatric Palliative Care: What's New?		Speaker: Dr. Michelle Koh Li-Hua Chairperson: Dr. Shamini Subramaniam
1100-1200	Closing Ceremony			
1200-1300	Lunch			
		End of Day 3 Thank you!		

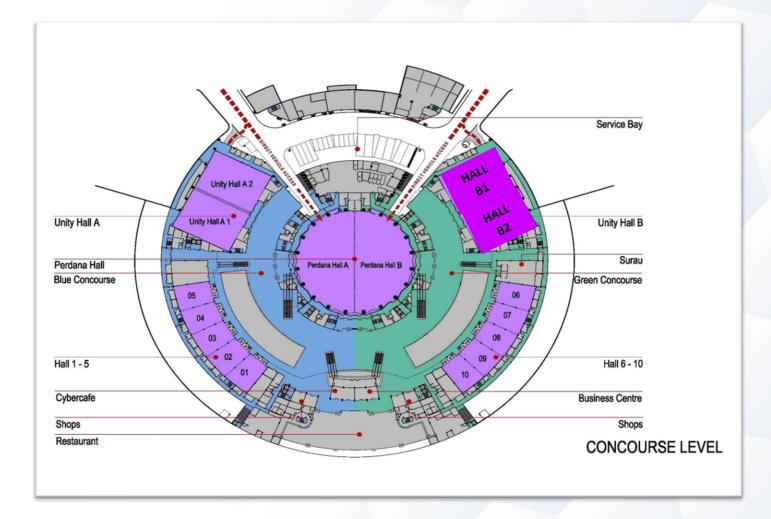








Floor Plan



The conference will take place in Hall B1 and Hall B2 of the Putrajaya International Convention Centre (PICC).

Registration Counter: Located at the Concourse Level, Green Zone, Foyer Area of Hall B1 & B2.

Main Conference Sessions: Hall B1 & B2

Booth Exhibition: Hall 6

Poster Presentations: Hall B1 inside wall area

Life Celebration Festival: Hall 7 & 8

Gala Dinner and Lunch: Hall 9 & 10 (evening setup)

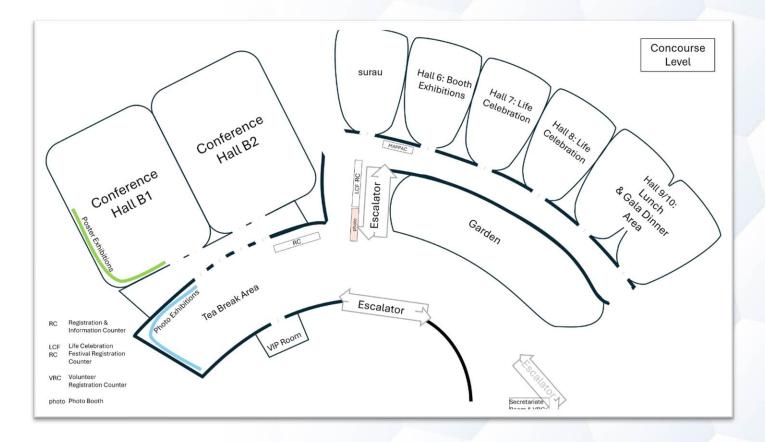
Restrooms: Located near the foyer, opposite the registration counter. Inclusive of OKU-accessible toilet







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Professor Dr. Richard D. W. Hain

- Consultant & Clinical Lead in Paediatric Palliative Medicine, Wales
- Honorary Professor in Clinical Ethics, Swansea University
- Pioneer in Paediatric Palliative Medicine in the UK
- Editor and Author Oxford Textbook of Palliative Care for Children
- Award-Winning Expert in Palliative Care & Ethics



Dr. Anna-Karenia (AK) Anderson

- Consultant in Paediatric Palliative Medicine, Royal Marsden Hospital, London and Shooting Star Children's Hospice, Guildford
- Chair, Association for Paediatric Palliative Medicine (APPM)
- Leader in Global Paediatric Palliative Care Development



Dr. Michelle Koh Li-Hua

- Consultant in Paediatric Palliative Medicine, KK Women's and Children's Hospital, Singapore
- Global Leader in Paediatric Palliative Care Development SINGAPORE



Dr. Kim Min Sun

- Clinical Associate Professor, Department of Pediatrics, Seoul National University Hospital
- Director, Nexon Integrated & Respite Care Center for Children
- Expert in Pediatric Palliative Care & Home Medical Care KOREA









Dr. Lee Chee Chan

- Consultant Paediatric Palliative Medicine Specialist, Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
- President of Malaysian Association of Paediatric Palliative Care (MAPPAC), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Dr. Fahisham Taib

- Paediatric Palliative Medicine Specialist, Hospital Pakar Universiti Sains Malaysia, Kelantan, Malaysia
- Committee of Malaysian Association of Paediatric Palliative Care (MAPPAC), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Dr. Leong Kin Fon

Consultant Paediatric Dermatologist, Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Dr. Lynda Ling Sai Ang

Principal Counsellor, Hills and Valleys Therapy and Learning Centre, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia







Dr. Jee Rou Chen

- Rehabilitation Specialist, Sarawak General Hospital, Sarawak, Malaysia
- President, MAPPAC Malaysian Children's Hospice (Sibu), Sarawak, Malaysia



Dr. (PhD) Ho Sin Khee

Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) Practitioner, Mentors Traditional Chinese Medicine (TCM) Healthcare Center, Malaysia.



Venerable Tian Wen

Healthcare Chaplain, **Universal Kindness** Caring Buddhist Society, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Ms. Feli Hoo Fui Mooi

Avurvedic Practitioner. Clinical Aromatherapist, Expressive Art Therapist, Ayurvedic and Aromatherapy Holistic Health Care Center, Selangor, Malaysia.



Dr. Nickson Tai Boon Khean

Paediatric Palliative Medicine Specialist, Sarawak General Hospital, Sarawak, Malaysia



Dr. Shamini Subramaniam

Paediatric Palliative Medicine Specialist, Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Dr. Chua Ker Yang

Paediatrician, Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

For More Enquiries:



Ms. Maggie@Nur **Umairah Liong**

Paediatric Palliative Care Nurse, Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur,









Ms Elaine Teo Chiew Yian

Children's Hospice
 Nurse, MAPPAC
 Malaysian Children's
 Hospice (Kuala Lumpur),
 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Ms Nurhidayah binti Rosli

 Pharmacist, Hospital Tengku Permaisuri Norashikin Kajang (HTPN), Selangor, Malaysia



Ms Sri Ram Seetha Arumugamm

 Child Play Therapist, MAPPAC Malaysian Children's Hospice (Kuala Lumpur), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Ms Nur Sakinah Ibrahim

 Clinical Dietitian, Dietetic & Foodservice, Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Ms Tan Hui Sin

Medical Social Worker, Hospital Queen Elizabeth, Sabah, Malaysia



Ms Emeline Lew Siok Yin

 Pharmacist, Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



Dr. Tay Chai Li

 Children's Hospice Doctor, MAPPAC Malaysian Children's Hospice (Klang), Selangor, Malaysia



Ms Siti Anis binti Ab. Rahim

 Paediatric Occupational Therapist, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia









Opening Ceremony

When Death is Inevitable, Life is a Choice

~ PROGRAMME ~

8.15AM: Announcement of VIP Arrival

8.20AM: National Anthem & Opening Prayer

8.30AM: Opening Performance

8.40AM: Opening Video

8.45AM: Welcome & Opening Speech

9:05AM : Official Launch of the 2nd NCCPCM, Life Celebration Festival & Handbook of Children Palliative Care Malaysia (2nd Edition)

9.15AM : Tour of Conference Exhibition & Life Celebration Festival for VIP, & Refreshments for VIP

21 AUGUST 2025, 8.15 – 9.30AM

PUTRAJAYA INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION CENTRE

THANK YOU TO ALL OUR SPONSORS!



~ PROGRAMME ~

6.30 PM: Registration & Welcome Reception

7.00 PM: Opening Speech & Acknowledgement

7.30 PM: Start of Dinner Service & Performances

8.30 PM: Awards & Recognition

9.00 PM: Games

9.30 PM: Lucky Draw

10.00 PM: End of the Night

22 AUGUST 2025, 7.00 - 10.00PM

PUTRAJAYA INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION CENTRE

THANK YOU TO ALL OUR SPONSORS!



Abstract Content

Oral Presentation

Abstract No.	Title	Corresponding Author
OP1	Perceptions of Adult Palliative Care Physicians on the Transition of Pediatric Palliative Care Patients to Adult Services	Fahisham Taib
OP2	Childhood Mortality with Life Limiting Illness Based on Malaysia National Mortality Data 2014- 2022	Chua Ker Yang
OP3	Empowering Parents: A Caregiver Workshop for Families of Children with Severe Neurological Impairment	Charlotte Gan Ying Shi
OP4	Evaluating the Efficacy and Sustainability of the New Bereavement Care Plan in The Paediatric Department, Hospital Seberang Jaya Over a 14 Month Period	Darwitha Sivanendran
OP5	Development and Pilot Testing of a Questionnaire Assessing Caregiver's Knowledge, Attitude and Practice (KAP) on Opioid Use in Pediatric Palliative Care (PPC) at a Tertiary Hospital in Malaysia	Nurhidayah Rosli
OP6	A Comparative Study on the Knowledge of Medical Officers Regarding Advance Care Plan (ACP) Discussions in Hospitals With and Without Paediatric Palliative Care Services	Yan Wen Ng







Poster Presentation

Abstract No.	Title	Corresponding Author
PP1	A Descriptive Review on Children Receiving Specialised Paediatric Palliative Care at Hospital Shah Alam	Winnie Ng Hui Ching
PP2	A Descriptive study on Perinatal Palliative Care Services at Hospital Tunku Azizah, Kuala Lumpur	Shamini Subramaniam
PP3	The Use of the Pediatric Palliative Screening Scale (PaPaS) Score as A Routine Screening Instrument in Pediatric Oncology Patients: A Single-center Descriptive Cross-Sectional Study	Reganedgary Jonlean
PP4	Ethics in Paediatric Palliative Care: A Case Study from a District Hospital in Sarawak	Nicole Phing Jie Hoo
PP5	The Burden of Palliative Care for Children with Congenital Heart Disease: a Cardiac Center Experience in Malaysia	Betsy Christina Steven
PP6	Buttons That Speak: Connecting with Adolescents and Young Adults in Palliative Care	Shamini Subramaniam
PP7	Dietitian-Led Nutritional and Palliative Care in an Infant with DiGeorge Syndrome and Congenital Heart Disease: A Case Report	Hamidah Osman







_		
PP8	Common Medications Used by Neuropalliative Clinic in Hospital Tunku Azizah, Kuala Lumpur	Emeline Siok Yin Lew
PP9	Multidisciplinary Nutritional Rehabilitation and Challenges in Nutritional Management of Syndromic Infants with Severe Malnutrition: A Case Series Involving Integration of Dual- Centre Care	Hamidah Osman
PP10	Advanced Care Planning in Paediatric Palliative Care Patients at Hospital Tunku Azizah	Sin Li Jie
PP11	Preferred Place of Death: Part of Advance Care Planning for Paediatric Palliative Care Patients	Alia Abdul Aziz Cooper
PP12	Patient-controlled Analgesia by Paediatric Palliative Care Unit in Hospital Tunku Azizah	Bary Joeriuse
PP13	Occupational Therapy Recommendations for Aids, Adaptation and Assistive Equipment for Paediatric Palliative Patients at Hospital Tunku Azizah Kuala Lumpur	Wennie Patin
PP14	The Last Act of Love: A Young Lady's Decision to Hold Her Own Living Funeral	Xanicia Long
PP15	Memory Making Using Footprints for Paediatric Palliative Patients in Hospital Tunku Azizah	Sharifah Husna Rahmah S Badrul Hisham
PP16	Understanding the Profile and Motivation of Volunteers in Children's Palliative Care: A Descriptive Study in MAPPAC	Tay Chai Li





PP17	The Last Chapter: Expectations and Insights on End-of-Life Care from Healthcare Professionals	Fahisham Taib
PP18	"In Their Shoes": Understanding Caregiving Needs from Parents of Children Receiving Palliative Care in Our Community	Elaine Teo Chiew Yian
PP19	Telling the Truth: A Powerful Perspective of a Child on Disclosure of Medical Information	Agnes Suganthi Thinakaran
PP20	The Shape of Goodbye: Exploring Grief and Meaning- Making Through Clay in Clinical Review	Sri Ram Seetha Arumugamm
PP21	Paving the Way for Dignity in Health Care for Children with Serious Illnesses in the West of Nepal	Amrita Shrestha

^{**} Full Abstract at APPENDIX 1- Abstract Book











Life Celebration Festival Programme Schedule

Day 1 - 21st August 2025, Thursday

Time	Programme		
	Venue: Hall 7	Venue: Hall 8	
0900-		Book Reading Corner	
1400		Memorial Wall	
1400-		How to Write My Will Before I Die?	
1500		(Language: English)	
		Speaker: Mr. Joseph Yu Shi Yang	
	Coffin Lying Experience	Chairperson: Ms. Elaine Teo Chiew	
	with Guide from Volunteer	Yian	
1500-		My Beloved Grandmother Picture	
1630		Book Sharing: A Journey Exploring Life	
		and Death with Children	
		(Language: Chinese)	
		Facilitator: Ms. Aw Pei Xin	
1630-			
1700			











<u>Day 2 - 22 August 2025, Friday</u>

Time	Programme		
	Venue: Hall 7	Venue: Hall 8	
0900-		Book Reading Corner	
1000		Memorial Wall	
1000-	Coffin Lying Experience	Death Café - Talk about death	
1200	with Guide from Volunteer	(Language: Chinese)	
		Moderator: Dr Lee Chee Chan	
1200-		Book Reading Club	
1300		(Language: Chinese)	
		Moderator: Dr Lee Chee Chan	
1300-			
1400		Book Reading Corner	
1400		Memorial Wall	
1400-	A lawway Mithia. The Coffin Lying		
1500	A Journey Within: The Coffin Lying		
1500-	Experience by Xiao En	How to Talk to Children about	
1700	(Language: English)	Death and Dying through Play?	
	Facilitator: Mr. Quek Ser Pin &	(Language: English)	
	Ms. Louise Lai Fu Yee	Speaker: Ms. Sri Ram Seetha	
		Arumugamm	
		Chairperson: Ms. Sally Lew Hsiao Yen	











Day 3 - 23 August 2025, Saturday

Time	Programme		
	Venue: Hall 7	Venue: Hall 8	
0900-		Craft Session	
1000		(Language: Chinese)	
		Moderator: Ms. Wong Hooi Pheng	
1000-		A Journey of Compassion	
1130	Coffin Lying Experience with Guide from Volunteer	and Self-discovery	
	with Guide from Volunteer	(Language: Chinese)	
		Speakers: Life Practitioners	
		Chairperson: Ms. Tay Chai Li	
		Venue: Hall B1	
1130-		The Best Farewell:	
1200		Let Love Remain, Not Regret	
1200-		(Language: Chinese)	
1300		Speakers: Mr. Fong Yee Leong	
		Chairperson: Mr. Alvin Chong Chee	
		Wei	
The End Thank You!			





Life Celebration Festival Posters

LIFE CELEBRATION FESTIVAL 生命嘉年华





FESTIVAL 生命嘉年华





Facilitator 引导人:

Aw Pei Xin (K.B.; P.A.)

區佩欣

Registered Counsellor

注册与执证心理辅导师

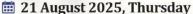
PUBLIC TALK | 公开讲座

HOW TO WRITE MY WILL BEFORE I DIE? (English talk)

我去世前该如何立遗嘱?(英文讲座)

"Celebrating life" is not just a call to live with dignity, but also an exhortation to lovingly make provision for those we care about. It is painful to imagine our loved ones continuing on in this world without us; however, having clear plans in place can help us to resolutely accept the inevitability of death.

"庆祝生命"不仅是呼吁有尊严地生活,更是鼓励我们以 爱为所关心的人做好安排。想象亲人没有我们继续生活在 这个世界上是痛苦的;然而,提前做好清晰的规划,有助 于我们坚定地接受死亡的必然性。



- O 2pm 3pm



Joseph Yu (Lawyer/律师)

- Mall 8, Concourse Level, PICC



For more information please visit: www.mappac.org/nccpcm_malaysia





LIFE CELEBRATION

FESTIVAL 生命嘉年华

For More Enquiries:

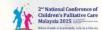
DEATH CAFÉ – TALK ABOUT DEATH

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WORKSHOP | 工作坊

(Language: Chinese) 生死咖啡馆 一谈论死亡 (语言:中文)

Participants are encouraged to share their experiences related to death and dying through a range of interactive activities, including Q&A sessions, art expression, and button games. These shared experiences foster mutual learning and reflection, enabling individuals to derive meaningful insights and develop positive values and future plans. This session comes with an instant coffee drink.

鼓励参与者通过一系列互动活动分享自己与死亡相关的经验 ,包括问答环节、艺术创作和纽扣游戏等。这些分享将促进 彼此学习与反思,帮助个人获得有意义的领悟,并培养正向 的价值观与未来规划。本环节提供免费即溶咖啡饮用。

- **22 August 2025, Friday**
- (10am 12pm
- Hall 8, Concourse Level, PICC



Dr Lee Chee Chan 李知展医生

Consultant in Paediatric Palliative Medicine, HTA 吉隆坡中央医院 儿童安宁疗护专科医生

LIFE CELEBRATION



WORKSHOP | 工作坊

PICTURE BOOK SHARING: A IOURNEY EXPLORING LIFE AND DEATH WITH CHILDREN (Language: Chinese)

《亲爱的外婆》绘本分享: 开启亲子间生命对话的起点(语言:中文)

Life doesn't follow a fixed formula and neither does My Beloved Grandmother. Instead of a traditional, instruction-heavy reading, the facilitator will gently guide participants through the book's illustrations, quiet spaces, and open-ended words, inviting both adults and children to reflect and begin heartfelt conversations about life.

生命从来没有一定的方程式,《亲爱的外婆》亦是如此 。摆脱填鸭式的导读,分享者将透过绘本中的图像、留 白空间与未说尽的文字,让大人与小孩从中开启对生命 思考与对话的起点。

- 🗰 21 August 2025, Thursday
- (3pm 4:30pm
- Hall 8, Concourse Level, PICC

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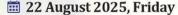
WORKSHOP | 工作坊

BOOK READING CLUB (Language: Chinese)

【孩在继续】读书会(语言:中文)

Participants are encouraged to read any stories from the book [孩在继续], followed by opportunities to share their perspectives, engage in thoughtful debates on key issues, reflect on their personal experiences, and ultimately develop new insights into paediatric palliative care.

鼓励参与者阅读《孩在继续》一书中的任意故事,并在之 后分享自己的观点,围绕关键议题展开深入讨论,反思个 人经历,并最终对儿童安宁疗护发展出新的见解。



- (12pm 1pm)
- Hall 8, Concourse Level, PICC



Moderator 主持人: Lee lie 李誦 (Author/作者)

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WORKSHOP | 工作坊

A JOURNEY WITHIN: THE COFFIN LYING EXPERIENCE BY XIAO EN

(Language: English)

练习告别:躺棺体验工作坊(语言:英文)

Step into a coffin - and into yourself.

This powerful experience invites you to reflect on life through the lens of death and rediscover what truly

躺棺体验并与自己相遇。透过一次深刻的告别体验,重新 看见生命的价值与方向。

- 🗰 22 August 2025, Friday
- (2pm 5pm
- Mall 7, Concourse Level, PICC



Quek Ser Pin (K.B.; P.A.) 郭思彬

Senior Registered Counsellor 注册与执证心理辅导师



Louise Lai Fu Yee (KB; P.A.) 赖玞好

Senior Registered Counsellor 注册与执证心理辅导师

PUBLIC TALK | 公开讲座

HOW TO TALK TO CHILDREN ABOUT DEATH AND DYING THROUGH PLAY? (English Talk)

如何通过游戏与孩子谈论死亡和临终?

Children make sense of death through play. This session explores how stories, drawings, and symbolic play create a safe space for children to express grief, ask questions, and feel seen, without needing all the right words.

孩子通过游戏来理解死亡。本环节将探讨故事、绘画和象征性 游戏如何为孩子提供一个安全的空间,让他们表达悲伤、提出 疑问,并感受到被理解,而不需要完全正确的语言表达。



Speaker 分享人: Ms Seetha (Play Therapist/游戏治疗师)

- **22 August 2025, Friday**
- (S) 3pm 5pm
- Mall 8, Concourse Level, PICC



Co-organised by: MARYAC





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LIFE CELEBRATION FESTIVAL 生命嘉年华





WORKSHOP | 工作坊

CRAFT SESSION (Language: Chinese)

手工艺工作坊(语言:中文)

Activity1: Glitter calm down Jar

Objective: To help individual to manage his or her strong emotion and promote relaxation through visual & sensory engagement.

Activity2: Origami heart

Objective: To boost us up moving on our life journey

活动1: 闪粉冷静瓶

目标:通过视觉和感官的参与,帮助个人疏解强烈情绪, 促进放松。

活动2: 爱心折纸

目标:激励、鼓舞我们在人生路上继续往前走。

- i 23 August 2025, Saturday
- (9am 10am
- Mall 8. Concourse Level, PICC



Moderator 主持人: **Wong Hooi Pheng** 黄爱萍

Registered Counsellor (K.B.; P.A.), Structural Play Therapist 马来西亚注册辅导师 结构式游戏治疗师

PUBLIC TALK | 公开讲座

A JOURNEY OF COMPASSION AND SELF-DISCOVERY (Chinese Talk)

渡人是一种能力,渡己是一场修行(中文讲座)

Peace in life and death is their daily devotion. They walk with the departed, witness regrets, and remind us to live fully. Listen to their stories, you might just find light for your own.

生死两相安,是他们每日的修行。他们是送别现场的第 一线,见过无数遗憾,也提醒我们,珍惜当下,别等来 不及。听见他们的故事,或许,也能照亮你的人生。



生命匠人

- 23 August 2025, Saturday
- (10am 11:30am
- Mall 8, Concourse Level, PICC









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LIFE CELEBRATION FESTIVAL 生命嘉年华





PUBLIC TALK | 公开讲座

THE BEST FAREWELL: LET LOVE REMAIN. NOT REGRET (Chinese Talk)

最好的告别:让彼此只有爱没有遗憾 (中文讲座)

Through his personal stories of end-of-life companionship, Yee Leong invites us to reflect on the value of understanding death from life and living with death in

以量将会分享在善终场景中的亲身陪伴体验,让观众思 考善终、善别及善生的重要性。

- i 23 August 2025, Saturday
- (5) 11:30am 1pm
- Mall 8, Concourse Level, PICC



Speaker 分享人 **Fong Yee Leong** 冯以量

Palliative Care Advocate Senior Consultant, Xiao En Counselling & Support Dept 临终关怀推动者, 孝恩辅导与谘商部资深顾问



BOOK READING CORNER

书香阅读区

The corner is designed primarily for children and their parents to spend time reading their favourite books together and to take part in story-sharing sessions facilitated by the organizing team.

这个阅读角主要为儿童及其家长而设,鼓励他们一起阅读喜爱的书籍,并参与 由主办团队带领的故事分享环节。

- 🗰 21-23 August 2025, Thursday Saturday
- (5) 9am 5pm (21-22/8) | 9am-12pm (23/8)
- Hall 8, Concourse Level, PICC
- No registration needed, walk-in only

SELF-GUIDED COFFIN LYING **EXPERIENCE**

自主躺棺体验

Step into a coffin - and into yourself.

This powerful experience invites you to reflect on life through the lens of death and rediscover what truly matters.

躺棺体验并与自己相遇。透过一次深刻的告别体验,重新看见生命的价值与方向

- 🛅 21-23 August 2025, Thursday Saturday
- ① 9am 5pm (21/8) | 9am-12pm (22-23/8)
- Hall 7, Concourse Level, PICC
- No registration needed, walk-in only







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Silver Sponsors











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Videography & Photography Sponsors















Acknowledgement

We would like to extend our heartfelt gratitude to everyone who contributed to the success of this event.

First and foremost, we thank the Ministry of Health Malaysia (KKM), our co-organiser for their invaluable support and collaboration. KKM has been instrumental in making this event a reality.

We are deeply grateful to the committee members for their tireless efforts and commitment. Your guidance and expertise have been crucial in ensuring the smooth execution of every aspect of this event.

A special thank you to our volunteers whose enthusiasm and dedication have been truly inspiring. Your willingness to lend a helping hand wherever needed has not gone unnoticed.

We also extend our sincere appreciation to our sponsors. Your generous contributions have provided the necessary resources to make this event possible. Besides the earlier mentioned sponsors, we are thankful to:

Adventa Healthcare Sdn. Bhd.
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Puan Sri Mae Cheng
Ms. Ching Choo
Dato Kee
Mrs. Karen Kok
Ms. SL Leong
Ms. Ng Wei Yin
Mr. Tim Callaham
Mr. Joseph Yu
& those names are not mentioned
here

Last but certainly not least, we thank all the participants. Your active engagement and participation have been the heart and soul of this event. We hope you found it enriching and enjoyable.

Thank you all once again and we shall meet again at the next NCCPCM.







Xiao En Group

Life Education: Preserving Eternal Memories

When we speak of sustainability, we often think of the environment. Yet in Malaysia, one leader demonstrates that true sustainability begins with humanity, especially when we learn from life and death.

Xiao En Group believes that funerals are not merely about completing rituals, but about education, companionship, and cultural continuity. With this conviction, it has become Malaysia's first funeral institution to systematically promote Life Education, redefining the profession from service provider to social educator.

Under the leadership of Managing Director Dato Frank Choo, Xiao En has pioneered initiatives such as:

- Grief counselling support for bereaved families
- The Silent Mentor programme, where body donors continue to inspire medical learning after death
- Ash burial, emphasizing humanity's relationship with nature
- Life Educational outreach in schools and communities, using death as a lens to reflect on life

"These are not add-ons," stresses Dato Frank Choo. "As long as humanity exists, death is inevitable. Our role is to accompany families through grief while guiding them toward deeper values of gratitude and love."

Rooted in filial piety and gratitude, Xiao En extends family ethics into enterprise and society. Safeguarding one family's memory, in essence, preserves the cultural DNA of an entire community.

Today, Xiao En is not just a funeral service provider, but a pioneer transforming the space of death into a space of life education. By integrating life education, ecological care, and cultural continuity, it has awakened the essence of the industry and inspired a broader reflection: only by learning to say goodbye can we truly learn to live well.







生命虽然无常但却无限美好

Although life is impermanent it is still indefinitely beautiful

● 关怀专线 Careline 1 800 888 333 | Head Office 03 9145 3888



HOPE Healing & Meditation Center

HOPE Healing & Meditation Center is a sanctuary for holistic well-being, offering a safe and nurturing space to support your healing journey physically, emotionally, and spiritually. Rooted in the transformative practice of Pranic Healing, HOPE provides workshops, scannings, personal healing sessions and corporate trainings that empower individuals to take charge of their health using energy-based techniques.

Our services include Pranic Healing workshops, emotional healing, and aura scanning using GDV (Gas Discharge Visualization) technology, which offers insight into the body's energy field. These modalities are designed to help clear energy blockages, reduce stress, and promote clarity and inner peace.

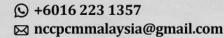
As a proud member of the National Coalition for Mental Well-being, HOPE also works alongside various ministries, universities, and international institutions to promote mental wellness. We serve as both a training and consultancy center, bridging ancient wisdom with modern understanding.

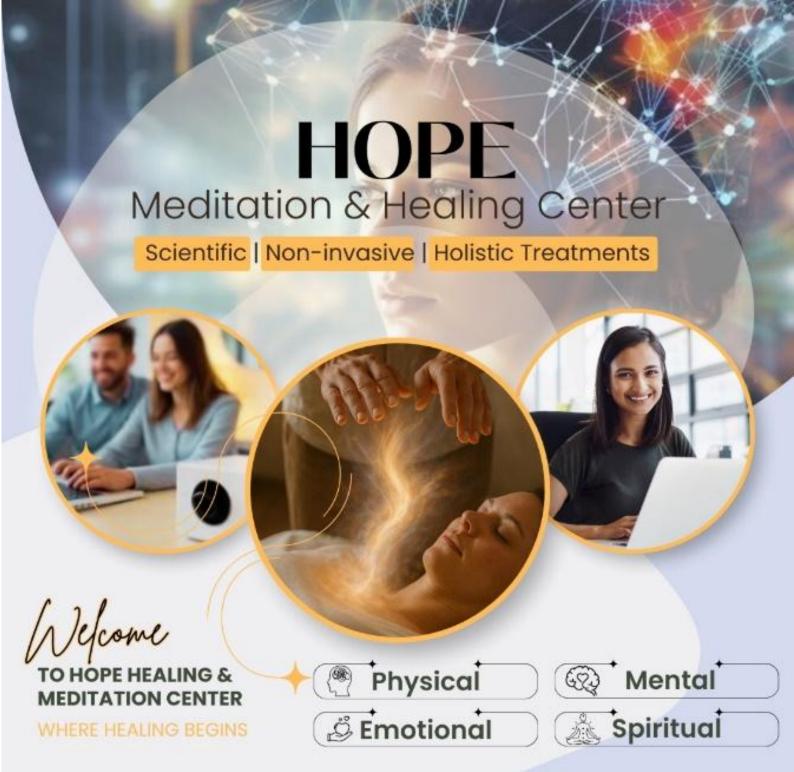
Whether you're seeking inner stillness, emotional release, or a deeper connection to yourself, HOPE provides tools and guidance to support your transformation. At HOPE, healing is not just a destination—it's a lifestyle.

Follow us to stay updated on workshops, meditations, and events open to all.









Rooted in the transformative science of Pranic Healing, HOPE offers a safe, nurturing space to begin or deepen your healing journey. We provide healing sessions, emotional clearing, aura scans using GDV technology, and certified Pranic Healing workshops; all designed to help you clear energy blockages, reduce stress, and restore clarity and peace.

Proud member of the National Coalition for Mental Well-being which collaborates closely with the Ministry of Health, Ministry of Home Affairs and other key institutions including WHO

Healing isn't just a moment — it's a lifestyle.

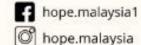
Follow us and begin your journey of transformation.



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Smile-Link Healthcare Global

Drs. Wong & Partners Dental Surgeons began in April 2001 in Sri Petaling, Kuala Lumpur, founded by Dato' Dr. Wong Ruen Yuan. As patient demand grew across Malaysia, Dr. Wong envisioned bringing care to communities rather than asking patients to travel. In 2010, he established Smile Link Dental Group to build a network of neighbourhood clinics. The group later evolved into Smile Link Healthcare Global Berhad, which was listed on Bursa Malaysia's LEAP Market on 23 April 2019—an achievement that reflects Malaysia's rising standards in private dental care alongside peers in Singapore and Thailand.

Today, Smile Link and Drs. Wong & Partners operate nearly 100 clinics nationwide. Our mission is to develop a private dental healthcare ecosystem—community clinics, specialist dental centres, and a future dental hospital—that complements the country's public system. As a prominent group practice, we are committed to nurturing young dentists, innovation, and delivering accessible, high-quality, patient-centred care.

HEALTHY SMILES. HEALTHIER YOU.

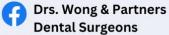
From routine check-ups to full-mouth rehabilitation, Drs. Wong & Partners make dental care easy, gentle, and affordable.

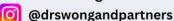
Why screen every 6 months?

- Prevent small problems from becoming painful, costly ones.
- Quick oral cancer screening for added peace of mind.
- Healthier mouths support healthier bodies at every life stage.
- Convenient locations, modern imaging, friendly teams, transparent pricing.

BOOK YOUR DENTAL SCREENING TODAY.













Sunway Medical Centre

Sunway Medical Centre, Sunway City (SMC), Malaysia's largest private quaternary hospital, offers comprehensive, compassionate care for your child's health. Recognised by Newsweek 2025, the hospital ranks 1st in Malaysia for Paediatrics. With 26 paediatric subspecialties and a team of highly skilled consultants, SMC is committed to your child's well-being and development from infancy through adolescence. Our Children Development Department features TRoom, a first for Southeast Asia. SMC holds the distinction of being Malaysia's first private hospital with a dedicated Children's Emergency Department. Complementing this, it houses the country's largest private Paediatric Intensive Care Unit (PICU) and dedicated Paediatric Oncology Services.

Children's Health & Development Centre

As the largest private quaternary hospital in Malaysia, we are dedicated to providing comprehensive and compassionate care for your child's health needs. With a team of highly skilled consultants and expertise across 26 subspecialties, we are committed to ensuring the well-being and development of your child from infancy all the way through to adolescence.





Medical

Surgical

Auxiliary

Our facilities





Malaysia's first private Children's Emergency Department



Largest private Paediatric Intensive Care Unit (PICU) in Malaysia



Dedicated Paediatric Oncology Services



Designated Paediatric Radiology

Children's Development Department



Therapy









Occupational Therapy



information on our services, facilities and subspecialties







SUNWAY MEDICAL CENTRE SDN BHD 159501012453 (341855-X)

















Yiken Medical PLT

YIKEN MEDICAL PLT (YIKEN) is a Malaysian-based company specializing in quality home healthcare and personal care products. As a dedicated distributor of cutting-edge medical technologies, we excel in addressing Home Healthcare, Respiratory Care, and Sleep Disorders needs. Partnering with local and international medical firms, we distribute premium products across Malaysia. Recognized for our commitment to quality care, we serve communities with:

PASSION – Delivering excellence in products & services

LEAD – Pioneering home healthcare innovation

TRUST – A reliable brand ensuring customer confidence

Dynamic and resourceful, YIKEN meets global customer needs.





Dorothy Scents

Dorothy Scents is a wellness-inspired brand that blends tradition, elegance and nature into every hand-poured creation, inspired by the founder's grandmothers, Dorothy, each product is crafted with love – using a signature blend of soy and beeswax, certified essential oils, and thoughtful details that awaken the senses.

From calming soy candles to luxurious room mist and nourishing shower oils, Dorothy Scents transforms everyday rituals into moments of peace.

Rooted in care and crafted with intention, our scents are more than fragrance – they're and invitation to pause, breathe and reconnect. Wherever life takes you, bring a little calm along with Dorothy Scents









Appendix 1: Abstract Book





Perceptions of Adult Palliative Care Physicians on the Transition of Pediatric Palliative Care Patients to Adult Services

Fahisham Taib¹, Noor Hasimah Mohmad²

¹Paediatric Department, Hospital Pakar Universiti Sains Malaysia, Kelantan, Malaysia, ²Medicine Department, Hospital Raja Perempuan Zainab II, Kelantan, Malaysia

Corresponding author: Fahisham Taib

Email: fahisham@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

Objective: This survey investigates adult palliative care physicians' perceptions of the transition process for paediatric palliative care patients moving to adult services in Malaysia.

Methods: A descriptive cross-sectional study was conducted from May to June 2025. Adult palliative care physicians were invited to complete an online questionnaire developed from a literature review on transition challenges and provider preparedness in Malaysia.

Results: Eighteen physicians participated (mean age 44.6 years), predominantly from the government sector (72.5%) with over 10 years of experience (66.2%). Half reported no formal transition training, and 44.4% identified transition age as 16 years or younger. Participants expressed inadequate preparedness and insufficient knowledge of paediatric-onset chronic conditions. Key barriers included limited interdisciplinary collaboration and inadequate community infrastructure to support this vulnerable population.

Conclusion: The findings highlight significant gaps in infrastructure, provider preparedness, and multidisciplinary involvement, adversely affecting the quality of transitional care. Strengthening training, fostering interdisciplinary cooperation, and enhancing community resources are critical to improving transition outcomes for paediatric palliative patients.

Keywords: Transition care, Paediatric Palliative care, Adult Palliative care, Multidisciplinary team, Service







Childhood Mortality with Life Limiting Illness Based on Malaysia National Mortality Data 2014-2022

Chua Ker Yang¹, Nickson Tai Boon Khean¹, Sin Li Jie¹, Choong Yee Wan¹, Lee Chee Chan¹
¹Paediatric Department, Hospital Tunku Azizah Kuala Lumpur, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Corresponding author: Ker Yang Chua
Email: keryang100@hotmail.com

ABSTRACT

Background: Paediatric palliative care (PPC) provides support for children with life limiting illness (LLI) and their family. PPC services is growing in Malaysia, but information on actual population need is lacking.

Objective: This study aimed to estimate the number of children with LLI by using national mortality data.

Methodology: A retrospective descriptive study using secondary data from Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) was conducted on all paediatric deaths in Malaysia between January 2014 and December 2022. ICD-10 four-character-codes associated with LLI from previous studies were reclassified into three-character-codes, namely confirmed LLI codes or possible LLI codes based on whether all or some of the four-character-codes derived from the three-character-codes were LLI conditions. Confirmed LLI deaths (CLD) only included confirmed codes while possible LLI deaths (PLD) included both confirmed and possible codes.

Results: During the 9-year period, there were 54,887 deaths among children aged 18 years and below. 48,492 (88.3%) were medically certified deaths, of which 5,537 (11.42%) were CLD and 22,100 (45.57%) were PLD. There was a median of 599 (interquartile range, IQR: 591-627) CLD and 2,416 (IQR: 2,335-2,535) PLD annually. For CLD, majority of children were from ICD-10 category "neoplasms" (2,499, 45.1%) and "congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities" (1,488, 26.9%).

Conclusion: Almost half of the deaths amongst children may be attributed to LLI. PPC services can help to support these children and their family. However, many children with palliative care needs who are living were not included in this calculation.

Keywords: Child mortality, Palliative, Paediatric, Health service needs and demand, ICD-10







Empowering Parents: A Caregiver Workshop for Families of Children with Severe Neurological Impairment

Charlotte Gan Ying Shi¹, Ng Su Fang¹, Arlene Biluh¹

¹Paediatric Palliative Care Department, Sabah Women and Children Hospital, Sabah, Malaysia Corresponding author: Charlotte Gan Ying Shi Email: gancharlotte@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

Objective: The primary objective is to identify the specific challenges encountered by families of children with severe neurological impairment (SNI), as well as to evaluate caregivers' competencies and confidence in addressing these challenges following participation in the workshop.

Methods: The workshop was organized as a comprehensive one-day program with participants selected from a registry of patients with severe neurological impairment (SNI) actively receiving follow-up care at the combined neuro-palliative clinic. Pre-workshop online forms identified caregivers' key challenges, while post-workshop evaluations measured improvements in participants' skills and confidence following the training session.

Results: Between October 2023 and March 2025, four workshops were conducted, involving 34 participants with diverse caregiving experiences. 27 participants completed the post-workshop feedback and reported that the workshops were highly beneficial and relevant to their daily caregiving routines. More than half (51.8%) reported an improved understanding of caregiving, while 37% especially valued the peer sharing sessions. Additionally, 14.8% gained confidence in Ryles tube insertion, 7.4% learned new physiotherapy techniques, and 3.7% found dental care sessions useful. Looking ahead, 15% wanted further training in physiotherapy and massage, and 11% were interested in learning more about emergency care and stress management. Others highlighted their desire for workshops on social welfare, advanced nursing, and pain relief strategies to further support their caregiving roles.

Conclusion: In conclusion, the workshop meaningfully enhanced caregivers' confidence and practical skills. It also improved emotional and mental well-being, demonstrating the power of targeted educational support for families facing the profound challenges of severe neurological impairment.

Keywords: Caregivers, Neurological Manifestations, Palliative medicine, Hospice care, Education







Evaluating the Efficacy and Sustainability of the New Bereavement Care Plan in The Paediatric Department, Hospital Seberang Jaya Over a 14 Month Period

Darwitha Sivanendran¹, Teoh Yen Lin¹, Angeline Yeoh Aing Chiee¹

¹Paediatric Department, Hospital Seberang Jaya, Penang, Malaysia *Corresponding author: Darwitha Sivanendran*

Email: darwitha4@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

Background: Complicated grief affects up to 10% of bereaved individuals and 40% of bereaved parents, who often require psychosocial support. Bereavement care helps mitigate mental health risks in up to 50% of caregivers. However, only 23.6% of parents attended the pediatric bereavement clinic in 2023.

Objectives: This study aimed to evaluate clinic attendance after implementing an enhanced bereavement care strategy and assess the program's sustainability by identifying challenges faced by healthcare providers. Secondary objectives included assessing parental mental health using the DASS-21 questionnaire and evaluating satisfaction with the updated care model.

Method: A retrospective cohort study was conducted at the Pediatric Clinic from April 2024 to May 2025. It involved bereaved parents whose children died in neonatal and pediatric wards. The revised care plan included a memory-making box (with footprints and photographs), bereavement pamphlets, and structured reminder calls. During clinic visits, parents completed the DASS-21 and a satisfaction survey and were offered supportive amenities. Healthcare staff completed an online perception survey.

Results: Clinic attendance increased to 56%. Most healthcare workers viewed the revised model as beneficial and identified key barriers and solutions. Among parents who attended, the majority reported normal stress, anxiety, and depression levels, and unanimously described the session as helpful and satisfactory.

Conclusion: These findings highlight the value of structured, compassionate bereavement interventions and support the long-term feasibility of an enhanced care model for grieving parents.

Keywords: Complicated grief, Bereaved parents, Bereavement care, Efficacy, Sustainability







Development and Pilot Testing of a Questionnaire Assessing Caregiver's Knowledge, Attitude and Practice (KAP) on Opioid Use in Pediatric Palliative Care (PPC) at a Tertiary Hospital in Malaysia

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ABSTRACT

Objective: The purpose of this study to develop and pilot test a comprehensive assessment tool to evaluate knowledge, attitude, and practice (KAP) of caregiver on opioid use in children for pain management in Pediatric Palliative Care at Hospital Tunku Azizah Malaysia

Methods: This KAP of caregiver was a guided self-administered questionnaire and consisted of 17 knowledge, 9 attitude and 6 practice items. After items generation, it was assessed the content validity by an expert panel. The revised questionnaire was further pre -- tested. This pilot study was a cross -sectional survey and recruited 35 caregivers from patient received opioid for pain treatment by PPC team in Hospital Tunku Azizah, Malaysia. Item analysis, construct validity and internal consistency were examined.

Results: Two sub-domains were constructed for knowledge, three factor solutions for attitude and two factor solutions for practice domains respectively. All items retained in the questionnaire as the important of all items to be included. Internal consistency was good to excellent for knowledge (KR20 = 0.63), attitude (CA = 0.73), practice (CA = 0.64) domains. The finalized KAP caregiver questionnaire after analysis remained contained of 32 items with 17 knowledge, 9 attitude and 6 practice items.

Conclusion: KAP caregiver was an adequately valid and reliable questionnaire which can serve as an assessment tool to evaluate the knowledge and beliefs among caregivers of patient received opioids for the pain management in Malaysia

Keywords: Caregivers, Knowledge Attitudes Practice, Opioid Analgesics, Pediatric Palliative Care, Pain Management









A Comparative Study on the Knowledge of Medical Officers Regarding Advance Care Plan (ACP) Discussions in Hospitals With and Without Paediatric Palliative Care Services

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ABSTRACT

Background: Advance Care Planning (ACP) is essential in paediatric palliative care (PPC), guiding treatment in line with family values. However, ACP is underutilized, especially in settings without formal PPC services.

Objectives: To assess and compare medical officers' (MOs) knowledge of ACP in paediatric settings, identify perceived barriers, and evaluate self-reported confidence and experience in ACP discussions.

Methods: A cross-sectional survey was conducted among MOs in six hospitals in Penang---two with PPC services and four without. A validated questionnaire measured ACP knowledge, barriers, and attitudes. Descriptive and inferential statistics were used for analysis.

Results: MOs in PPC-supported hospitals had higher correct response rates on ACP timing (56.0% vs. 41.8%), components (68.2% vs. 53.7%), and ethical principles (36.4% vs. 25.4%), though differences were not statistically significant (p > 0.05). Key barriers reported included lack of training (88.7%), time constraints (68.4%), unclear hospital policy (64.7%), and fear of upsetting families (67.7%). While most MOs agreed that ACP improves quality of care (90.2%) and is a shared responsibility (93.2%), only 22.6% felt confident initiating discussions.

Conclusion: Medical officers recognize the value of ACP but face significant knowledge and confidence gaps, especially in hospitals without PPC services. Targeted training and clearer institutional support are needed to improve ACP integration in paediatric care.

Keywords: Advanced Care Planning, Palliative Care, Paediatrics, Terminal Care, Health **Knowledge Attitudes Practice**







A Descriptive Review on Children Receiving Specialised Paediatric Palliative Care at **Hospital Shah Alam**

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ABSTRACT

Background: Specialised Paediatric Palliative Care service at Hospital Shah Alam (PPC HSAS) was established in keeping with the National Palliative Care Policy and Strategic 2019-2030. It delivers inpatient care and runs 2 monthly multidisciplinary team (MDT) clinics. Additionally, children and families are supported by Malaysian Children Hospice for home-based holistic care.

Objective: This review describes the referral characteristics, symptom prevalence and role of MDT in specialised symptom management.

Methods: Retrospective review on children receiving care under PPC HSAS aged 0-18 years from December 2023 until December 2024 was conducted. Data was extracted from the PPC database, department census and hospital electronic Health Information System(e-HIS). Data was recorded and analysed using Excel.

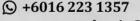
Results: A total of 20 children (17 males, 3 females) with a median age of 6.5 years (range: 2 months to 17 years) received care. 90% lived within 15 km of the hospital and 85% had PaPaS score of ≥15. Neurological conditions were most common (55%), with pain (22%) and dystonia (19%) as prevalent symptoms. 65% had at least ≥3 symptoms. The MDT service addressed the physical, social, emotional and spiritual well-being of the children. Mean consultation duration for each patient was 24.4 minutes. At follow-up, 60% remained under care, 20% were discharged, 5% transitioned to adult services and 15% of families received bereavement support.

Conclusion: MDT approach was seen as essential in addressing complex, multifaceted needs of children with life-limiting conditions and holistic support required by their families. Regular service reviews and further studies are needed to evaluate the outcomes of MDT interventions.

Keywords: Paediatric palliative care, Symptom, Specialised, Multidisciplinary, Family









A Descriptive study on Perinatal Palliative Care Services at Hospital Tunku Azizah, Kuala Lumpur

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ABSTRACT

Background: Perinatal palliative care service (PPCS) provides support for infants and families when there is a diagnosis of severe life limiting illness either before or after birth. PPCS services have been established in Hospital Tunku Azizah, Kuala Lumpur (HTAKL) since March 2020.

Objective: To describe the characteristics of referral and outcome of infants receiving PPCS at HTAKL.

Methods: A retrospective observational study was conducted on all antenatal referrals for PPCS from March 2020 until February 2024. Data collected include referral information, clinical outcome, and services provided.

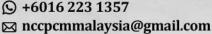
Results: During the study period, PPCS received 29 antenatal referrals. Majority (89.6%) were Malay mothers. The median gestational age on referral was 32 weeks 3 days with the earliest being at 27 weeks 5 days. The main antenatal diagnoses were chromosomal abnormalities (11, 37.9%), abnormal brain or spinal cord development (4, 13.8%), congenital anomaly (4, 13.8%), and renal disorders (3, 10.3%). On delivery, there were 8 stillbirths. Among the 21 infants who were born alive, 4 died in the labour room while 10 died in NICU. The remaining 7 children were discharged home with feeding support and medications. Services provided by PPCS include labour room visit by PPCS team (7), family conference (8), anticipatory grief counselling (3), memory making (18), and home visit/hospice (3).

Conclusion: PPCS supported families of infants with severe life limiting illnesses in navigating care, symptom management and bereavement support.

Keywords: Perinatal, Palliative care, Prenatal diagnosis, Family support, Life limiting









The Use of the Pediatric Palliative Screening Scale (PaPaS) Score as A Routine Screening Instrument in Pediatric Oncology Patients: A Single-center Descriptive Cross-Sectional Study

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ABSTRACT

Introduction & Objective: The Pediatric Palliative Screening Scale (PaPaS) Score is a screening tool used to determine the focus of care. Pediatric palliative care (PPC) is a vital component of pediatric oncology service, and the use of PaPaS may improve usage adherence and prompt provision of PPC. We conducted this study to assess the utilization of PaPaS score in pediatric hematology-oncology ward.

Methods: This is a descriptive cross-sectional study conducted since August 2023. Data are obtained by medical record review of each inpatient episode from every patient with oncologic diagnoses. Patients with non-neoplastic diagnoses are excluded. PaPas Score is determined by on-duty hospitalist at the time of inpatient admission and authorized by the attending pediatric hemato-oncologist. A score of 10 or more indicated the need of consultation to PPC team. Data are reported using descriptive statistics, reported as median due to uneven distributions of data.

Results: A total of 25 data points from 12 patients (5 females, 7 males) are included. The most common diagnoses are acute leukemias (75%), with other diagnoses including Burkitt's lymphoma, dysgerminoma, and neuroectodermal brain tumour. The median of the whole PaPaS score data points is 10, with 0 the lowest and 35 the highest data points, and 0 and 32 as the lowest and highest patient's personal PaPaS score respectively. 13 data points scored at least 10.

Conclusion: Routine use of PaPas Score in pediatric oncology patients is integral and important to ensure that palliative care may be provided in a timely manner.

Keywords: Cross-sectional Studies, Palliative Care, PaPaS Score, Pediatrics, Pediatric Oncology







Ethics in Paediatric Palliative Care: A Case Study from a District Hospital in Sarawak

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ABSTRACT

Objective: To explore ethical conundrums in formulating an advanced care plan (ACP) for a child with severe cerebral palsy (CP), focusing on the clinicians' dilemma and parental decision-making.

Methods: We studied a 13-year-old girl with spastic quadriplegic CP secondary to hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy and moderate-to-severe intellectual disability. Her case was analysed using normative ethical principles to identify key issues in paediatric palliative care.

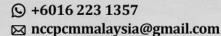
Case Presentation: The child did not attend school because of complex needs and was primarily cared for by her aunt while both parents worked. After a two-year interruption in follow-up, she presented following a five-minute choking episode, which required 20-minute CPR at home by the mother, a nurse. She was admitted for non-invasive oxygen therapy and observation. Despite persistent lung collapse, she was discharged at the parents' request with a "Do Not Resuscitate" (DNR) order following discussion. At the three-month follow-up, the child showed notable functional improvement (GMFCS level III). The DNR order was revoked, and broader care planning was discussed.

Discussion / Conclusion: This case highlights the ethical complexity of initiating DNR orders during acute illness without a thorough assessment of premorbid function. Guidelines emphasise that DNR should be based on anticipated medical futility, not a disability or perceived burden. The mother's dual role as clinician and parent introduced further ethical challenges. Additionally, the child's broader needs --- education, sibling support, caregiver respite, and spiritual care --- although no easy solution, must be addressed. Holistic, dynamic, and family-sensitive care planning is essential in paediatric palliative care.

Keywords: Advanced Care Plan, Spastic Quadriplegic Cerebral Palsy, Choking episode, Do Not Resuscitate, Holistic care









The Burden of Palliative Care for Children with Congenital Heart Disease: a Cardiac Center Experience in Malaysia

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ABSTRACT

Objective: The aim of this review is to understand the burden of Paediatric Palliative Care (PPC) for complex congenital heart disease in a paediatric cardiac centre, Malaysia.

Methods: This retrospective descriptive study examined all patient referrals to the Paediatric Palliative Care Service at Hospital Sultan Idris Shah, Serdang, from January 2022 to May 2025. Data were extracted from existing hospital medical referral records. Descriptive statistics were used to analyze and summarize the characteristics of referred patients and referral patterns.

Results: A total of 62 referrals were received, of which 58% were cardiac-related. The number of referrals has been increasing each year: 10 cases in 2022, 17 cases in 2023, and 24 cases in 2024. There were 11 referrals from January to May 2025. Among the cardiac patients, most have complex heart disease with no surgical options, inoperable residual lesions, cardiomyopathy, and severe comorbidities. The purposes of referral are mainly symptom management, advanced care planning, caregiver support, coordination of care across multiple specialties, equipment support, and discharge care.

Conclusion: Despite the short duration of the pediatric palliative care service in HSIS, there is an increasing number of patients requiring palliative care. Advances in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with congenital heart disease have resulted in an overall decrease in mortality. However, these patients experience long-term morbidities and uncertainty in disease trajectory, thus requiring palliative support.

Keywords: Paediatric Palliative Care, Paediatric, Congenital Heart Disease, Paediatric Cardiology, Palliative Care







Buttons That Speak: Connecting with Adolescents and Young Adults in Palliative Care

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ABSTRACT

Introduction: Adolescents and young adults (AYA) with cancer are unique as they transition toward independence while coping with a life-limiting illness. Communication with this group can be challenging due to emotional vulnerability, evolving identity and the need for autonomy. The "Button Game" is a technique commonly used in paediatric palliative care to facilitate communication in children, and it can be beneficial in AYA setting. This case report illustrates the use of "Button Game" as means of communication with a young adult patient.

Method: Case Report

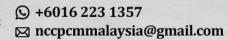
Case: We first met this patient when she was 23 years old. She was diagnosed with metastatic osteosarcoma of the left tibia and fibula 2 years ago. Despite undergoing surgery, chemotherapy and radiotherapy, her disease progressed, resulting in spinal cord compression and bedbound. She became socially withdrawn, and the community palliative care nurses encountered difficulty in establishing rapport with her. The Button Game was introduced to facilitate communication, allowing her to express her fears, hopes and values. This approach fostered trust, improved engagement and enabled us for more effective symptom management. A close relationship developed between the patient and the community palliative care team. She died six months later, but her final months were characterised by better communication, shared decision-making and holistic support for her and her family.

Conclusion: This case demonstrates the use of "Button Game" in communication with the AYA population. Such an approach can bridge communication gaps and enhance person-centred care in this unique population. Through this case, we wish to highlight the importance of "Button Game" for communication regardless of age groups.

Keywords: palliative care, paediatric palliative care, communication, adolescent and young adults, button game









Dietitian-Led Nutritional and Palliative Care in an Infant with DiGeorge Syndrome and Congenital Heart Disease: A Case Report

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ABSTRACT

Objective: To evaluate the impact of individualized nutritional intervention on growth outcomes, biochemical stability, and quality of life in a critically ill 4-months-old infant diagnosed with DiGeorge syndrome and complex congenital heart disease, with eventual transition to palliative care.

Methods: An individualized nutrition care plan was initiated with energy and protein targets of 90 kcal/kg/day and 3.5 g protein/kg/day. Due to severe feeding intolerance, sequential formula modifications were implemented, beginning with anti-regurgitation (AR) formula, followed by an amino acid-based formula and later a lactose-free formula. Whey protein isolate (wpi) and cereal fortification were introduced to support catch-up growth. Monitoring included regular anthropometry, dietary intake records, and biochemical markers such as urea, sodium, and potassium. As prognosis declined, nutritional goals were redefined to prioritize comfort, minimal intervention, and caregiver support, aligning with palliative care principles.

Results: Initial weight gain was suboptimal due to persistent gastrointestinal symptoms, feeding intolerance, and cardiorespiratory instability. Following nutritional adjustments, gradual improvement was observed, with weight increasing from 2.8 kg to 5.28 kg over nine months. Peak intake reached 136.3 kcal/kg and 3.84 g/kg protein. However, biochemical instability persisted, indicating ongoing catabolism and clinical deterioration. Nutrition care was subsequently reoriented toward symptom relief, including management of abdominal distension, vomiting, and fatigue, while emphasizing comfort feeding and meaningful family interactions.

Conclusion: Individualized nutrition strategies can support growth and symptom control in complex paediatric cases. In progressive conditions like DiGeorge Syndrome, integrating palliative nutrition---focused on tolerance, comfort, and family-centered goals---is essential for preserving dignity and enhancing quality of life.

Keywords: DiGeorge Syndrome, Heart Defects Congenital, Nutrition Therapy, Palliative Care, Quality of Life







Common Medications Used by Neuropalliative Clinic in Hospital Tunku Azizah, Kuala Lumpur

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ABSTRACT

Background: Neuropalliative care in paediatric patients addresses symptoms that impact quality of life in children with severe neurological conditions which are life-limiting or life threatening. Optimal medication use is critical for symptom control and overall care. In 2019, neuropalliative service was introduced in Hospital Tunku Azizah, Kuala Lumpur (HTAKL), a children's and women's hospital.

Objective: To present the common medications used by neuropalliative clinic in HTAKL.

Methods: Patients with severe neurological impairment have many symptoms requiring pharmacological intervention. They receive multiple medications for a symptom, which compounds when a patient has multiple symptoms. Pharmacists play a role to reduce polypharmacy, prevent possible drug-drug interaction and reduce pill burden.

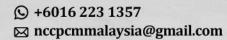
Results: Eighty-six patients attended neuropalliative clinic from 1 May 2024 until 30 April 2025. Majority were boys (51.2%) and Malay (73.3%). Median age of patients was 11.0 years (Interquartile range, IQR 7.3-15.8). Patients received a median of 8 (IQR 6-9) different medications, with a maximum of 13 medications. Patients mainly required medications for seizure (94.2%), constipation (88.4%), dystonia (77.9%), gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (GERD) (67.4%), hypersalivation (36.0%), and insomnia (11.6%). Median number of concurrent medications received per symptom was 3 for seizure, as well as 2 for constipation, dystonia, and GERD.

Conclusion: Neuropalliative patients receive many concurrent medications. All parties need to evaluate the need for each medication to ensure compliance, improve symptom control and reduce pill burden.

Keywords: Palliative medicine, Polypharmacy, Nervous System Disease, Paediatric, Malaysia









Multidisciplinary Nutritional Rehabilitation and Challenges in Nutritional Management of Syndromic Infants with Severe Malnutrition: A Case Series Involving Integration of Dual-Centre Care

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ABSTRACT

Objective: To demonstrate the structured application of the Nutrition Care Process (NCP) in managing a syndromic infant with chronic severe malnutrition, highlighting the importance of cross-institutional collaboration, continuous dietetic care, and palliative-informed decision-making.

Methods: A 1-year 4-month-old male infant with a confirmed homozygous pathogenic variant in the FILIP1 gene, severe laryngomalacia, and multiple comorbidities was admitted for four weeks of nutritional rehabilitation. Initial nutrition assessment revealed significant weight loss (from a maximum of 4.4 kg to 3.35 kg), persistent regurgitation, and poor feeding tolerance via nasogastric tube. Nutrition Diagnosis: Inadequate protein-energy intake related to feed interruption and physiological intolerance as evidenced by persistent feeding issues limiting progression. Nutrition Intervention focused on gradual energy and protein escalation using combination of enteral feeding, including anti-regurgitation, isocaloric, and modular. Energy intake was increased from approximately 90 to 180 kcal/kg/day. Feeding plans were continually adjusted based on tolerance, gastrointestinal symptoms, and family-centred goals. Following ENT surgical intervention, patient was transferred to another centre. Dietitians from both institutions coordinated care to ensure feeding continuity, symptom control, and goal alignment. The patient's mother, central to decision-making, declined invasive options like TPN or PEG due to quality-of-life concerns.

Results: Despite minimal weight gain, patient achieved clinical stability and improved feed tolerance. Dietetic collaboration ensured continuity and rapid adaptation of feeding strategies. Feeding provision post-surgery-maintained energy intake at 150--180 kcal/kg/day.

Conclusion: This case highlights the value of the NCP, interdisciplinary teamwork, and coordinated care across centres. Dietitians play a critical role in supporting complex, syndromic infants through personalized, palliative-informed nutrition planning.

Keywords: Malnutrition, Laryngomalacia, Nutrition Therapy, Energy Intake, Patient-Centered Care







Advanced Care Planning in Paediatric Palliative Care Patients at Hospital Tunku Azizah

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ABSTRACT

Objective: Advance care planning (ACP) is an important process for children with life limiting conditions. It helps families and healthcare providers talk about values, beliefs, and wishes to guide medical decisions and future care but is not legally binding.

Methods: ACP discussion by paediatric palliative care (PPC) team of Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA) follows a structured, step-by-step approach. It focuses on eight parts: personal details, patient and family members involved in the discussion, diagnosis, symptoms and signs to expect during emergencies, personal resuscitation plan, end-of-life care preferences, preferences during life, and the agreement. Discussion starts by exploring what matters most to the child and family, followed by preferences for future care, and finally goals of care---ranging from full intervention to comfort-focused care. ACPs are reviewed 6-12 monthly or when the child's condition changes.

Results: There were 83 deaths among paediatric patients referred to PPC team HTA between January 2024 and June 2025. ACP was completed in 69 cases (83.1%), while 56 (81.2%) of them had the latest review of ACP within one year of death. All families decided not for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and intubation. 98.6% had decided for maximum intensity of care in the general ward. 66 (95.7%) families had discussed preferred place of death.

Conclusion: ACP coverage has room for improvement. Annual review and awareness of ACP are key to making ACP a normal part of children's care.

Keywords: Palliative medicine, Paediatric, Advance care planning, Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation, Malaysia







Preferred Place of Death: Part of Advance Care Planning for Paediatric Palliative Care Patients

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ABSTRACT

Background: Preferred place of death (PPOD) is a key component of advance care planning (ACP) in discussions with families of children facing life-limiting illnesses during end-of-life care.

Objective: To describe the preferred and actual place of death among patients under the Paediatric Palliative Care (PPC) Unit at Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA), Kuala Lumpur.

Methods: ACP discussions are a core aspect of managing patients with life-limiting illnesses within the PPC Unit at HTA. PPOD is addressed with patients and families when they are ready. Families opting for home death require community support from either hospice services or the domiciliary team.

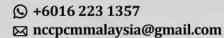
Results: Between January 2024 and June 2025, there were 83 deaths among patients under the care of the PPC Unit at HTA. Of these, 69 patients (83.1%) had undergone prior ACP discussions, and 66 (95.7%) had discussed their preferred place of death. Approximately half (51.5%) were undecided about the location. Among those who expressed a preference, 9 of the 11 who chose hospital death (81.8%) and 12 of the 21 who chose home death (57.1%) were able to fulfil their wishes. Of the 32 patients who died at home, 20 (62.5%) received support from hospice or domiciliary services.

Conclusion: PPOD discussions are a vital part of PPC planning, aligning care with the values and preferences of patients and their families. However, some patients are unable to realise their choices due to various challenges. Strengthening community support and enhancing ACP implementation may increase the likelihood of fulfilling patients' and families' end-of-life wishes.

Keywords: Death, Advance Care Planning, Paediatric, Palliative Care, Home care services









Patient-controlled Analgesia by Paediatric Palliative Care Unit in Hospital Tunku Azizah

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ABSTRACT

Background: Patient-controlled analgesia (PCA) can assist in better control of pain. Patients would get continuous infusion of analgesic and self-initiated immediate bolus of analgesic when needed. This is useful for children with palliative care needs because pain is one of their major symptoms.

Objective: To describe the PCA service provided by paediatric palliative care (PPC) unit in Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA).

Methods: PCA services for uncontrolled pain was started by PPC unit HTA for oncology ward since 2019. It is guided by an existing standard operating procedure. Referred patients will be assessed for cognitive capabilities and competency in using the PCA machine. A medical assistant will set up the PCA machine based on settings from the PPC specialist. Patients are monitored for pain score and complications. PCA will be discontinued when pain is improved.

Results: From 2021 till 2024, there were 11 patients who received PCA services. Median age of patients was 13.4 years (Interquartile range, IQR: 11.8-16.2), with the youngest being 8.9 years old. Majority were Malay (63.6%), male (54.5%), and in unstable phase (81.8%). All patients received PCA morphine. Median pain score improved from 8 (IQR: 7.5-8.5) to 0 (IQR: 0-2.5) with a median drop of 7 (IQR: 5.5-8). Side effects include nausea (18.2%), itchiness (9.1%), and urinary retention (9.1%), but did not cause PCA to be discontinued. Median PCA duration was 72 hours (24-120).

Conclusion: PCA services by PPC unit HTA was able to improve pain score for uncontrolled pain with limited and acceptable side effects.

Keywords: Patient Controlled Analgesia, Paediatric, Palliative Care, Chronic Pain, Morphine







Occupational Therapy Recommendations for Aids, Adaptation and Assistive Equipment for Paediatric Palliative Patients at Hospital Tunku Azizah Kuala Lumpur

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ABSTRACT

Background: Paediatric palliative care patients experience problems affecting quality of life, which could be improved via aids, adaptations, and assistive equipment (AAA). Occupational Therapy (OCCT) providers assist by recommending AAA which support the children to achieve optimal functional independence and reduce caregiver burden. Despite its significance, there is limited data on OCCT recommendations and equipment implementation within the Malaysian hospital setting.

Objective: To describe paediatric palliative patient referrals to Occupational Therapy (OCCT) in Hospital Tunku Azizah Kuala Lumpur (HTAKL) for Aids, Adaptive and Assistive Equipment (AAA) as well as the recommendations given.

Methods: A retrospective descriptive study was conducted on paediatric palliative patients referred for AAA to the OCCT unit at HTAKL from January 2021 until December 2024. Data was extracted from OCCT census lists and from the electronic Hospital Information System.

Results: There were 31 patients referred for AAA during the study period. Majority were male (54.8%), Malay (90.3%) and referred from the neuropalliative clinic (67.7%). OCCT recommendations and education was given for mobility aids (18), bathing aids (9), training adaptive devices (4), and toileting aids (1). However, only 17 (53.1%) of the recommended AAA were obtained, specifically 11 (61.1%) for mobility aids, 3 (33.3%) for bathing aids, 2 (50.0%) for training adaptive devices and 1(100.0%) for toileting aids. The majority of AAA obtained were funded by external sources (94.1%).

Conclusion: The acquisition rate of recommended aids can be improved, highlighting the need for improved funding access and follow-up mechanisms to ensure timely provision.

Keywords: Occupational Therapy, Palliative, Paediatric, Activities of Daily Living, Self-Help **Devices**







The Last Act of Love: A Young Lady's Decision to Hold Her Own Living Funeral

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ABSTRACT

Objective: Death has always been a taboo topic that is avoided. With the rise in young patients receiving life-limiting diagnoses, it is increasingly important for society to destignatize death and encourage open conversations about life and loss. We report a case of a terminally-ill young patient who held a living wake prior to her passing.

Case report: A 25-year-old Chinese female was diagnosed with a rare aggressive form of ovarian cancer in 2022 which metastasized by late 2023. She was given a prognosis of 6 months and started on palliative chemotherapy. She subsequently organized a "living funeral" with help of a local hospice - a get-together with close ones to celebrate her life journey and show appreciation. The patient passed on 2 weeks after her living wake.

Discussion: A living funeral can be seen as a celebration of one's life journey and allows for expression of gratitude, healing past wounds and finding closure. It encourages individuals to speak openly about death, leading to deeper understanding and acceptance of the natural cycle of life, reducing fear and anxiety. Individuals can also express their wishes for after-life care, and such transparency can alleviate the burden on loved ones who might struggle to make such decisions during a time of grief.

Conclusions: Living funerals can be a testament to a life well lived and leave a legacy of love. The growing trend of living funerals offers an alternative approach to embracing end of life, and shining light at the end of the tunnel.

Keywords: Living funeral, End-of-life care, Terminally-ill, Grief, Bereavement









Memory Making Using Footprints for Paediatric Palliative Patients in Hospital Tunku Azizah

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ABSTRACT

Background: Memories and mementos could be important for families of patients with paediatric palliative care (PPC) needs, especially after the patients have passed on. The PPC unit of Hospital Tunku Azizah (HTA) assists with memory making through footprints using ink or clay.

Objective: To describe the service of memory making by PPC unit HTA.

Methods: During consultation sessions with patients and family, a choice of memory making through footprint is offered. The selection of materials or type of footprint is based on the age, size and clinical condition of the patient. Colour selection is based on the child's gender and parental preference. This footprint is designed by staff or by the family, with occasional additions of poetry written by the family members. Clay footprints take longer to be prepared, leading to longer duration before handing over to the family.

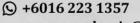
Results: From November 2022 until June 2025, there were 52 episodes of memory making using footprints. Majority of patients were from paediatric cardiology discipline (27, 51.9%), Malay (37, 71.2%) and female (33, 63.5%). There were 51 ink footprints and 2 clay footprints produced. 2 footprints were made post-mortem. There were no major challenges during the making of the footprints.

Conclusion: Footprint making is a feasible option for memory making.

Keywords: Palliative Care, Paediatric, Advance care planning, Object Attachment, Malaysia









Understanding the Profile and Motivation of Volunteers in Children's Palliative Care: A Descriptive Study in MAPPAC

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ABSTRACT

Objective: This study aims to describe the demographic characteristics, interests, availability, and motivations of individuals who volunteer in children's palliative care services in Malaysia.

Methods: A descriptive analysis was conducted based on volunteer registration data from 2023 to 2025, collected by the Malaysian Association of Paediatric Palliative Care (MAPPAC). Data included demographics (age, gender, location), type of volunteer interest, availability, relevant skills, work background, and reasons for joining.

Results: A total of 205 volunteers were registered, predominantly female (82.4%), with the majority aged 30--49 years (58%). Most were from Selangor (48.8%) and Kuala Lumpur (23.4%). Volunteers expressed interest in general support (42.9%), homecare (23.9%), and events (26.3%). Preferred volunteering time was daytime (51.2%), with weekends being the most favored days (51.2%). Key skills included training & education (57.6%) and event organization (44.4%). Volunteers came from diverse work backgrounds, notably sales/marketing (11.7%) and NGO/charity (6.3%). Top reasons for volunteering were contributing back to society (50.7%), and gaining knowledge and experience (19%).

Conclusion: Children's palliative care volunteers in Malaysia are predominantly women aged 30-49 with strong interests in education, events, and community service. Understanding their profiles and motivations helps tailor recruitment, training, and retention strategies, enhancing service delivery and volunteer engagement in pediatric palliative care.

Keywords: Palliative Care, Paediatric, Volunteers, Hospice Care







The Last Chapter: Expectations and Insights on End-of-Life Care from Healthcare Professionals

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ABSTRACT

Objective: To explore the expectation and perspective of healthcare professionals on principles of good death based on TFHCOP (The Future of Health and Care of Older People) towards paediatric patients in Malaysia.

Methods: We did a cross-sectional study on 50 medical officers working across Malaysia. We used a 15-questionaire questions based on the paper entitled: A good death: perspective of muslim patients and healthcare providers in which we compare the view of paediatrics medical officers and non-paediatrics medical officers. We used descriptive statistics to analyse the questionnaire responses.

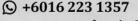
Results: More than 90% of Paediatrics Medical officers agree with the majority of the questions however we notice a lower percentage about 85% of non- paediatrics Medical Officers agree on the questions posed. Interestingly, both groups scored less than 70 % on question No.2 (To be able to retain control over what happens) and No.15 (A good death is a death accepted by the relative).

Conclusion: This study highlights a broad consensus among Malaysian medical officers on key elements of a good death, with minimal variation between paediatric and non-paediatric professionals. Factors including limited exposure to paediatric patients and involvement in end of life care may be the reason for discrepancy among the two groups studied. Nevertheless, areas such as autonomy and family acceptance show less agreement, suggesting a need for further dialogue and culturally sensitive approaches in paediatric end-of-life care.

Keywords: Good Death, Patient autonomy, End of life care, Palliative care, Malaysia









"In Their Shoes": Understanding Caregiving Needs from Parents of Children Receiving Palliative Care in Our Community

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ABSTRACT

Background: Paediatric palliative medicine (PPM), is a niche subspeciality in Malaysia. It has been striving, despite limited resources to provide care for children and families faced with life limiting and threatening conditions. Malaysian Children's Hospice (MCH) was first established in June 2023 under the Malaysian Association of Paediatric Palliative Care (MAPPAC) which enabled a multidisciplinary model to complement home-based care. Caregivers of children with palliative care needs often face significant challenges in providing long-term comprehensive care. This study aims to identify the key support and service needs of these caregivers for the future development of targeted interventions and supportive services in our community.

Objectives: This study described the perceived caregiving needs from parents of children receiving palliative care in our community through services provided by the Malaysian Children's Hospices; focusing on physical, emotional, social, and practical support.

Methodology: A survey was conducted between 2nd December 2024 to 2nd January 2025, collecting feedback from caregivers of children receiving community palliative care support from the Malaysian Children's Hospices, regarding current services and other desired support. Thematic analysis was used to identify recurring needs and preferences. Caregivers of patients referred to 2 branches of MCH (Kuala Lumpur and Klang) from 1st June 2023 till 31st December 2024 were included.

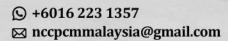
Results: A total of 20 responses were recorded and analysed. Majority of caregivers were involved with patients' care at home in between 6 to 10 years. The most frequently reported needs included home visits from healthcare professionals, access to medical equipment and care supplies, social welfare support, access to support therapies, and mobility/transport services. Caregivers also emphasized the importance of training and knowledge related to pain and symptom management at home, as well as opportunities for their children to engage in social interaction/therapeutic activities in child development and having access to respite care.

Conclusion: Comprehensive and holistic support systems are essential for families caring for children with complex medical needs in community palliative care. Addressing the identified needs can improve the well-being of both caregivers and children, and promote better outcomes.

Key words: Children, Caregiver, Palliative Care, Hospice









The Shape of Goodbye: Exploring Grief and Meaning-Making Through Clay in Clinical Review

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ABSTRACT

Objective: To explore how integrating play therapy techniques, such as symbolic clay work, in clinical death review sessions supports emotional processing and reflective practice among paediatric nurses in palliative care.

Methods: Structured monthly death review sessions were conducted with paediatric nurses who provided end-of-life care. Each session included facilitated reflection, a timeline review, and the use of expressive play therapy tools, such as clay modeling, as non-verbal mediums for exploring emotions, unresolved thoughts, and care dynamics. Sessions aimed to support grief acknowledgment, reduce moral distress, and foster team-based empathy and insight.

Results: In one session, one nurse reflected on the case of a young boy with a terminal illness who had initially resisted medical care and later opened up through weekly home-based play therapy. As part of the reflective activity, the nurse chose to create a sushi out of clay, a food the child loved and often talked about during visits. She gently shaped the pieces in silence, later sharing, "This sushi is him. And maybe it's us, too." She described how the clay helped her feel grounded, allowing her to symbolically revisit the child's journey. She acknowledged the guilt she carried for not being able to ease his pain sooner, but gradually accepted that the support given was neither "more nor less"; it was what he could receive when he was ready. The reflective process allowed her to reframe her experience with compassion, moving from self-judgment to meaning-making.

Conclusion: Integrating creative mediums such as clay into clinical death reviews offers nurses a tangible and emotionally safe outlet to process grief and complex emotions. This case illustrates how symbolic play, which is traditionally used with children, can be equally valuable for healthcare professionals navigating loss. In paediatric palliative care, where emotional labor is high, such integrative debriefing methods support staff well-being, build emotional resilience, and deepen the team's understanding of each child's unique journey. These sessions serve not just to reflect on care outcomes but also to honour the human connections formed.

Keywords: Palliative Care, Play Therapy, Nursing Staff, Reflective Practice, Clinical Competence, Symbolism, Grief







Paving the Way for Dignity in Health Care for Children with Serious Illnesses in the West of Nepal

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ABSTRACT

Objective: To explore the perspective of children with serious illnesses (SI) and healthcare professionals (HCPs) on dignity in Nepal. To develop a Nepal-specific dignity model for children with SI and to develop a practical training module on dignity in healthcare in Nepal

Methods: In-depth interviews with 15 children (>12years), 15 caregivers; and 4 focus group discussions each consisting of 8 HCPs in three hospitals in Gandaki Province using the guideline based on the dignity model for dying adults and the dignity model for terminally ill children. Recordings will be transcribed. The analysis will follow deductive (thematic) and inductive (grounded theory) processes to adapt and contextualize the previously developed dignity model in the Nepalese context.

Results: Preliminary findings show empathetic communication, quality time and the attitude of HCPs play a major role in preserving dignity for these children. The HCPs have the realization that they fall short in providing care with dignity due to time constraints, set up etc.

Conclusions: Despite the centrality of dignity in palliative care, there is little understanding in the healthcare context in Nepal. This study aims to explore the lived experiences of children with SI, their families, and HCPs to develop contextual model of dignity which will act as building block in developing training module for HCPs on caring for children and their families with dignity. It will further support in developing relevant policies and procedures

Keywords: Dignity, Children with serious illness, Pediatric palliative care









